



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA - WORKSHEET

SOCIAL SCIENCE
CH: 16. OUR MINERAL WEALTH
CH: 17. AGRICULTURE

Name: _____

Date: _____

Class: IV Sec: ____

I Name the following: -

1. 2 metallic minerals. _____, _____
2. 2 non- metallic minerals. _____, _____
3. The place where minerals or stones are taken out. _____
4. A rock containing a large quantity of minerals. _____
5. These resources are found deep inside the earth. _____
6. Two types of minerals. _____, _____
7. Oil field near Mumbai. _____
8. 2 important gold mines in Karnataka. _____,

9. Nowadays it is used as a fuel which gives us less pollution. _____
10. This ore is used to produce aluminium. _____
11. 2 largest petroleum reserves in the world. _____,

12. A renewable fuel which is derived from animal fat and vegetable oil.

13. 2 alternative sources of energy. _____,

14. 2 Rabi crops. _____, _____
15. 2 kharif crops. _____, _____
16. 2 uses of Jute. _____, _____
17. The golden fibre of India. _____



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18. 3 oil seeds. _____, _____,

19. 3 Spices.
_____, _____, _____
20. 2 Plantation crops. _____, _____
21. The main occupation of the majority of the people of India. _____
22. 2 milch cattle. _____, _____
23. 3 milk products. _____,
_____, _____
24. 2 products that we can make with wheat. _____,

25. 2 Insecticides. _____, _____
26. 2 products that we can make with rice. _____,

27. Two Pesticides. _____, _____
28. The staple food of the North Indians. _____

II Fill in the Blanks: -

1. _____ and _____ are two cash crops.
2. _____ and _____ are millets.
3. _____ and _____ are called pulses.
4. Coal is also known as _____
5. Mineral oil is also known as _____
6. The agricultural season which begins in autumn is called _____
7. The agricultural season which begins with the arrival of monsoon is called _____
8. Medicines used to protect plants from pests are called _____



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9. Medicines used to protect plants from insects and diseases are called _____
10. _____ and _____ are important coal mines in India.
11. _____ is one of the important mineral which is hard and durable.
12. _____ and _____ are fossil fuels.
13. _____ is the place from where minerals are taken out.
14. _____ is formed from the remains of the ancient land and sea creatures
_____ is formed from the remains of trees and plants buried under the ground.
15. _____ is formed from the remains of trees and plants buried under the ground.
16. _____ and _____ are the products that we get from crude oil.
17. Coal is used to make _____ and _____
18. India is the leading producer of _____ in the world.
19. A big success in the field of agricultural production is called _____
20. Through _____ the production of milk has increased in India.
The _____ is a movement which gives importance to the increase in the milk production.
21. Cattle waste is used to produce _____
22. The Indian farmers grow a variety of _____ and _____ crops.
23. _____ grows well in black soil.
24. _____ are used as a means of transportation in villages.
25. _____ and _____ are the main producers of spices.
26. _____ is the staple food of most of the South Indians.
27. _____